# Recruitment & Retention SMART-ED, NIDA CTN 0047

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#### **SMART-ED**

- <u>S</u>creening, <u>M</u>otivational <u>A</u>ssessment, <u>R</u>eferral and <u>T</u>reatment in <u>E</u>mergency <u>D</u>epartments
  - Designed to assess the efficacy of a brief intervention on ED patients who endorse problematic non-alcohol, non-nicotine drug use
  - Recruitment, initial assessment and brief intervention occurred in the ED
  - Follow up and retention efforts occurred at the follow up location
  - Multi-site design for efficiency and diversity
    - **★** 6 sites, N=1,285 subjects

#### R&R





#### Recruitment

 Identify potential subjects who might benefit from a substance use intervention

#### Retention

 Identify potential subjects with a high probability of returning for follow up

#### Balance of considerations

Numerous tradeOffs/considerations balancing R&R

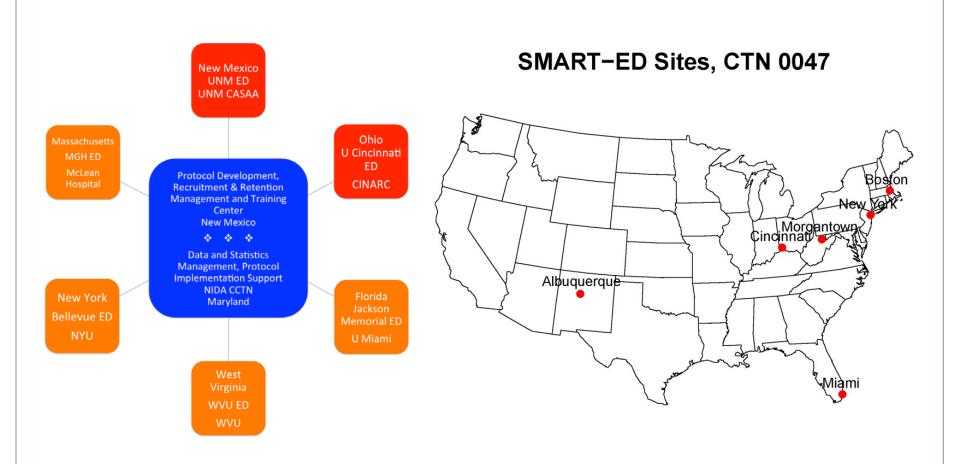
### **SMART-ED Site Selection**





- o 17 sites applied, 6 sites selected to participate
  - **CTN** node sites with affiliated academic EDs
  - **EDs** needed
    - o available space, staff, research experience
    - sufficient drug using patient population
    - o could not currently have an SBIRT model in place
    - onsite ED physician had to take part in the study to both ensure proper implementation and ED staff acceptance of the research.
    - Research staff collaboration with medical/nursing staff

#### **SMART-ED Sites**



### ED Study Phases...

- Two stage screening process
  - Discussed in detail in the next session
- Formal subject recruitment
  - Inclusion/exclusion criteria
  - Informed consent

Covered in this presentation

- Multistage randomization reveal / Assessment
  - O MSO
  - SAR vs BI-B
- Initial visit wrap up
  - Appointment made for follow up in ED

### **Subject Inclusion Criteria**

- Registered as a patient in the ED
- Access to a phone
- Reside within 50 miles (80 km) of the follow up site
- Provide sufficient locator information for self and 2 or more locators
- Not currently a prisoner or in police custody



## **Recruiting Challenges**

- Recruitment plans tailored to site characteristics
  - Patient length of stay
  - Assessment location (in the ED)
- EDs are inherently chaotic
  - Patients often have undifferentiated illness
  - o Angry, irritable, in pain
  - Many have waited to be seen for hours (days?)
  - Confidentiality
- Integrating processes into triage and medical screening protocols
  - O EMTALA
  - Medical staff / patient flow
- Patients who were too ill or "altered" to participate
  - Medical illness
  - Intoxication
  - Acutely psychotic or suicidal patients

# The Recruiters



computer based screening

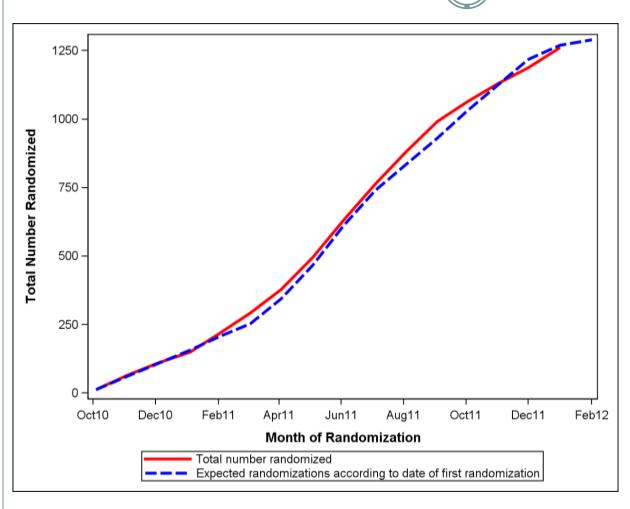
## Computer based Screening





- Very little paper used (consent forms)
- Provided for mobility, electronic data capture
- Stylus driven, PC based system cumbersome
- Challenging for ED patients to use

#### Recruitment Rate



- 20,762 pre-screened
- 15,509 gave initial verbal consent
- 15,224 completed anonymous screening
  - Computer assessed eligibility to continue
  - Additional screening questions reviewed inclusion/exclusion criteria
  - ~8% recruited
- Informed consent
- About 21 participants recruited per week
- Screening process about 5-10 minutes

### Characteristics of the Recruited Sample

#### Demographics

- o 70% male
- Mean age 36 years ±12
- o 50% White, 35% Black, 24% Hispanic
- o 9% married
- 9% college graduates
- 63% household income under \$15,000
- 42% unemployed
- 19% full-time employment

#### Retention



- Participants asked to follow up...
  - o 3 months
  - o 6 months
  - o 12 months
- To make it even more challenging...
  - Different location than the ED
  - Different research staff
- Target retention rate
  - o 85% at 3 months
  - 0!!

## **Tracking Strategies**



- Phone and mail current locator information
- Old phone numbers and old addresses
- Email and text / SMS
- Community searches ('haunts')
- Call jails and medical examiner
- Search jails and prisons online
  - o (e.g., local websites and <a href="https://www.vinelink.com">www.vinelink.com</a>)
- Web searches
- Check participant's medical record for updated information
- Use different staff members
  - Different voice and different strategies
- Vary times of contact (weekends and evenings)
- Call the Lead Node Tracking & Retention Coordinator for web searching assistance
- Send certified letters to confirm receipt
- Use "Forwarding Address" stamp
- Confirm / refute deaths



# Strategies for Overdue Participants

- National Tracking Coordinator routinely monitored overdue participants
- For participants resistant to completing a follow-up:
  - Maintain frequent, multiple contacts with participants between follow-up assessment visits
  - Offer a phone interview as an alternative
  - Offer to meet participants in the community
  - Remind them that they will be compensated \$75 for each completed follow-up
  - Offer transportation to the follow-up site
  - Call & conduct assessments with participants on weekends & evenings
  - Broad time windows for follow up visits

### **Key Elements of Success**

- Recruitment
  - Select appropriate ED sites
  - Balance eligibility requirements
  - Staff training and monitoring
  - Assure acceptance of research and recruitment staff by ED staff
  - Technology

- Retention
  - Frequent letters and calls to participants and locators
  - Technology
    - **x** Email, SMS, web searches
  - Interviewing flexibility
    - ▼ Telephone and communitybased interviews
  - Alternating trackers and times of tracking
  - Weekly tracking and retention meetings

