Integrating Adolescent Substance Use Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment in Health Professions Education

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Presenters



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Partners:







Recommendations and guidelines on adolescent screening and brief intervention

- Endorsed by leading professional associations/government agencies:
 - American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP)
 - American Medical Association (AMA)
 - Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)
 - Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)
 - National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA)
- Slow uptake among health professionals.
 - Fewer than 50% AAP-affiliated providers systematically screen adolescents.
- Health professional education efforts have been slow but growing.
 - Support from federal agencies to educate pre-service professionals and the existing workforce is necessary but insufficient.
 - Need mechanisms for bringing education to scale.

Common barriers in educational settings

- Lack of time to add "something else" to the curriculum.
- □ Not required to teach substance use education, not an accreditation standard.
- Lack of awareness, skills, and knowledge about substance use prevention/early intervention and SBI.
- Don't know where to start, what to include, what educational resources and teaching materials are available.
- Not sure where the education fits Separate course vs. woven throughout multiple courses, addiction specific vs. more general course, elective vs. required course?
- Lack of engaging, visual learning opportunities to supplement lecture/didactic content.

Aims of the Project

- Engage the leading national associations, experts, practitioners, students, researchers, and accrediting organizations for schools of social work and nursing.
- Develop and sustain adolescent SBIRT learning collaborative of schools of social work and nursing.
 - Fostering partnerships, collaboration, technical support, and sharing lessons learned.
- Develop, implement, and evaluate adolescent SBIRT curricula with Instructor's Toolkit and Kognito interactive virtual patient simulations for nursing and social work students.
- □ Offer Stipends and TA to support integration activities and sustainable practice over time.

Integrating Adolescent SBIRT into Social Work and Nursing Education Project



- □ Conrad N. Hilton Foundation
- □ Oct 2014-Sept 2017
- □ Steering Committee
 - 30+ SMEs, nursing and social work educators and practitioners, professional associations, BH orgs, researchers, and others
- □ Learning Collaborative
 - 70+ schools
 - 150+ educators, field placement supervisors, preceptors, practitioners
- □ Technology Partner Kognito
- □ Website: sbirt.webs.com
- □ Join Us: <u>SBIRTTeam@norc.org</u>

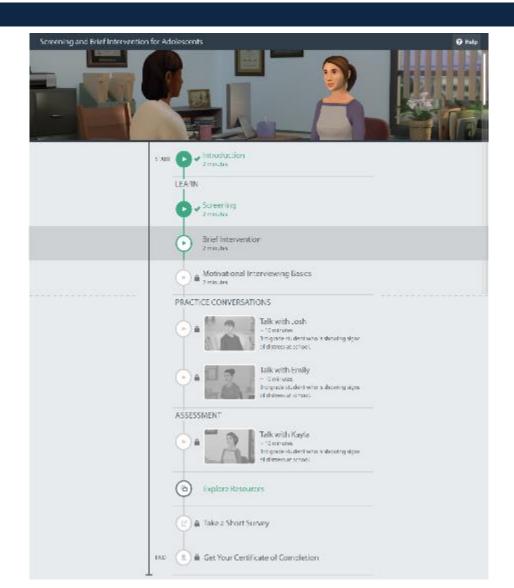
Virtual patient simulation

Iterative development of simulations with the Adolescent SBIRT Learning Collaborative and SMEs.

Learn: Engaging activities on SBIRT process and skills (screening, risk levels, Brief Negotiated Interview, MI).

Practice: Simulated conversations with realistic, emotionally-responsive virtual adolescents; choose your avatar. Coach feedback; patient inner thoughts; patient engagement meter.

Assess: Dashboard with scoring and feedback for learners and instructors.



Practice Conversations



Josh

- Setting: Hospital ED
- Condition: ankle ligament injury
- Remarks: jumped off roof into hot tub; was at party
- Screening results: High-risk/weekly use alcohol



Emily

- Setting: School nurse/social worker office
- Condition: decreased attention
- Remarks: referred by teacher; distracted in class
- Screening results: High-risk/weekly use marijuana

Assessment Conversation



Kayla

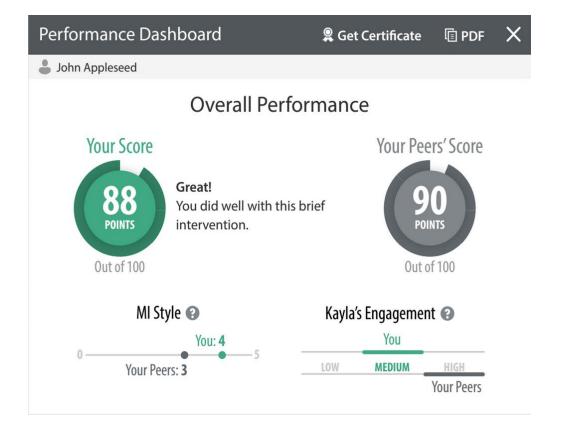
- Setting: Primary care
- Condition: Annual well visit
- Remarks: None
- Screening results: Moderate risk/weekly use alcohol

Assessment features

- Total score
- Bl adherence score
- MI adherence score

- No undo button
- No coach feedback
- No inner thoughts

Feedback & Analytics



COMMENTS: You did a great job with this section. There were a few options you could have selected to earn more points. **Elicit Pros and Cons** Elicit pros Out of 21 Elicit cons Summarize COMMENTS: While you did explore what Kayla likes less about drinking, you should have spent more time on this subject. Provide Feedback Ask permission to share information Out of 17 Provide salient info Elicit response COMMENTS: It's best to ask permission before providing feedback.... **Assess Readiness** Ask about readiness Out of 17 Make recommendation for abstinence Ask, why not less? or What would have to change? **Negotiate an Action Plan**

Benefits of Virtual Humans

- Safe to experiment
- Increase in engagement
- Decrease in transference reactions
- Decrease in social evaluative threat
- Cost-effective
- Personalization of experience
- Reduce costs of updates
- "Choose your Avatar" option

Three Kognito simulations listed on SAMHSA
National Registry of Evidence-Based Programs
& Practice (NREPP)



Demo

Thank you



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