**Combating the US Prescription Opiate Epidemic: Applying Principles of SBIRT to the Prescribers of Controlled Drugs** 

Brief Power Point #1 Controlled Drugs and Substance Use disorders Ted Parran MD <u>tvp@cwru.edu</u>

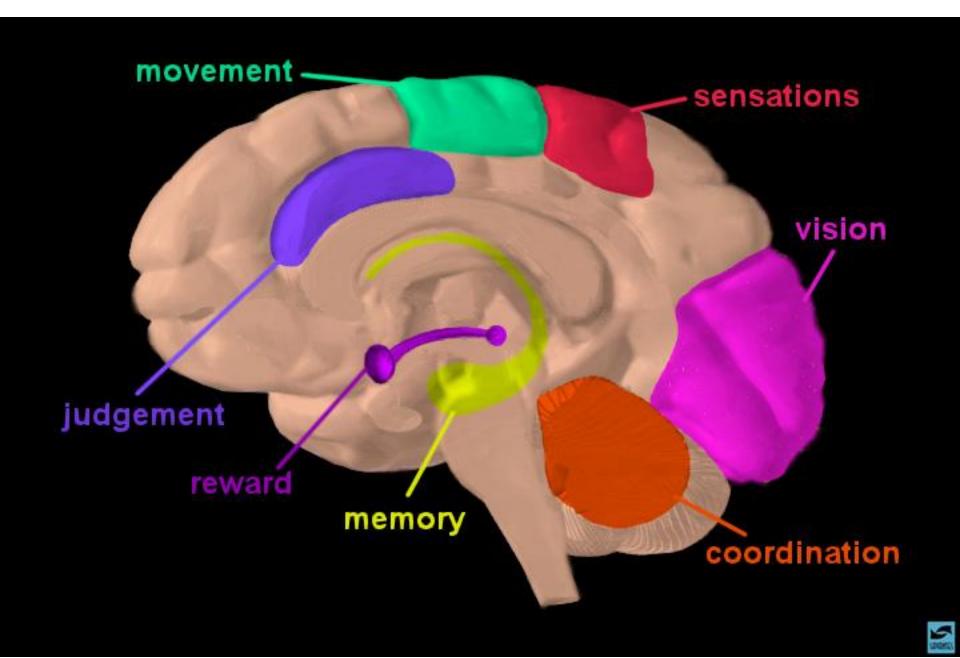
# Application of SBIRT to C Rx

- High risk RX to High Risk Patients:
  - SA Tx Programs can do Utox + PMP
    ID who RX and who fills RX for High Risk Pt (SCREENING)
- Can contact prescriber and pharmacy (BREIF INTERVENTION)
- If continued prescribing ...
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#### Euphoria Producing Drugs = High Risk Drugs

## Euphoria Producing Drugs = EPD's

- EPD's include: opioids, stimulants, sedativehypnotics, canabinoids, and phencyclidine
- Very different substances
- Totally different primary brain effects
- <u>ALL</u> produce and acute surge of <u>dopamine</u> from the mid brain to the fore-brain
- Dopamine surges mediate addictive disease



# prefrontal cortex

# nucleus A

VTA

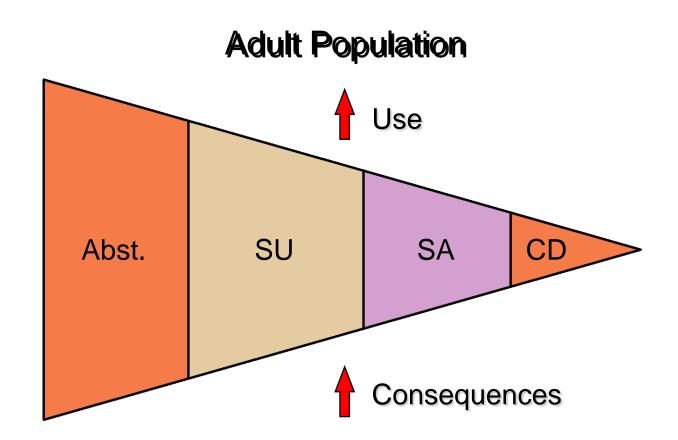


Controlled drugs ARE Euphoria Producing Drugs: CRx = EPD's

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- Very different substances
- Totally different primary brain effects
- <u>ALL</u> produce an *acute surge* of <u>dopamine</u> from the mid brain to the fore-brain
- Dopamine surges dictate <u>controlled drug designation</u>! (and mediate substance use disorders)

### Substance abusing or addictive brains = High Risk Brains

# The Continuum of Substance Use Disorders



SBI and DSM IV v. Substance Use Disorder Mild / Moderate / Severe in DSM V

- Risky Use = SUD MILD
- Substance Abuse = SUD MILD
- Hazardous Use = SUD MILD or Moderate
- Severe substance abuse = SUD Moderate
- Chemical dependence = SUD Mod / Severe
- Addictive disease = SUD Mod / Severe

SUD Moderate-Severe: A Brain Disease!!!

- Brain functions:
  - Movement
  - Intelligence
  - Behavior
- Diseases of the brain in each area of function:
  - Parkinson's, M.S., Seizures
  - Mental retardation, Dementia
  - Addiction, Schizophrenia, Bipolar

## Chemical Dependence: Natural History (Its Brain Disease)

- Diseases of the brain that effect Behavior Control Centers:
  - <u>Addiction</u>, Schizophrenia, Bipolar
- Sns/Sx of the biologic disease of addiction:
  - Behavioral, Behavioral, Behavioral ...
- Not a psychological disease, just behavioral sx

Chemical Dependence natural history

- Increased dysfunction and disability in the following domains:
  - Self image
  - Interpersonal
  - Social
  - Financial
  - Legal
  - Work
  - Physical

CRx Prescribing Decisions: <u>Avoid High Risk Drugs with High Risk Brains</u>

Any prescribing decision involves:

- Indications establishing the reason to RX
- Contraindication screening for reasons not to RX
- Contraindication screening requires K,A,S.
  - K=clinically understanding contraindications
  - A=respecting the gravity of contraindications
  - S=using screening tools to ID contraindications

K,A,S are <u>ALL</u> needed for safe CRx prescribing

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#### Power Point #2 Perpetuation of status quo Ted Parran MD <u>tvp@cwru.edu</u>

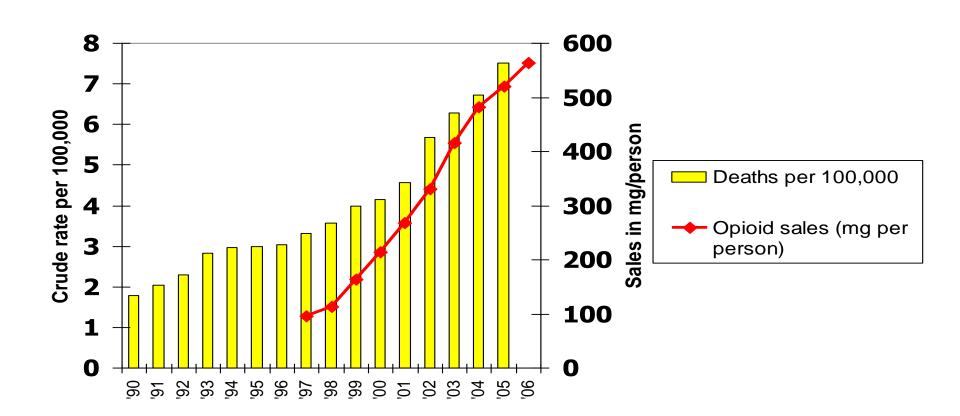
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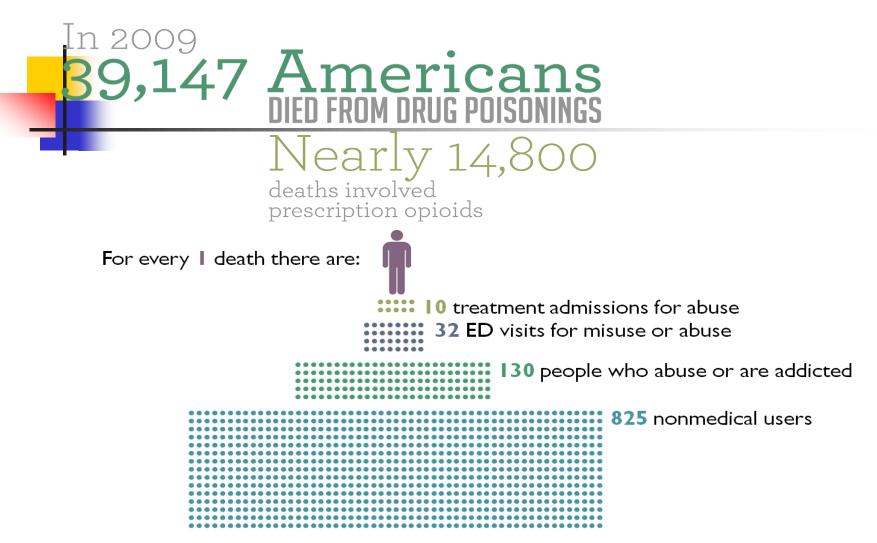
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#### What is the status quo?

An imbalance in prescribing

Deaths per 100,000 related to unintentional overdose and annual sales of prescription opioids by year, 1990 - 2006 Source: Paulozzi, CDC, Congressional testimony, 2007





Kochanek KD, et al. *National Vital Statistics Report* 2011;60:1-117. CDC Vital Signs. *Prescription Painkiller Overdoses. Use and abuse of methadone as a painkiller*. 2012. Warner M, et al. *Drug poisoning deaths in the United States, 1980-2008.* NCHS data brief, no 81. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. 2011. National Center for Injury Prevention and Control. Division of Unintentional Injury Prevention. *Policy Impact. Prescription Painkiller Overdoses.* Nov 2011.

Chronic OPT Prescribing of Controlled uas Who **TO** prescribe to? Presence of <u>Indications</u> – patient specific and disease specific AND Lack of Contraindications Who <u>NOT TO</u> prescribe to? Lack of indications OR Presence of contraindications

Contraindications to chronic C RX TX High Risk Brains (HRB)\*\*\*: **Current addictive disease = strong** Past addictive disease = strong History of diversion = strong Risky Brains (SUD MILD) = relative Significant <u>nonadherence</u> = relative Substantial <u>psychiatric co-morbidity</u> = relative COPD &/or Obst Sleep Apnea = relative **\*\*\* Prescribe chronic C RX to HRB's only with expert** advice and support (i.e. a methadone or buprenorphine clinic)

# Even things that should be obvious ... are not!

 <u>Almost all patients continue to receive prescription</u> <u>opioids</u> <u>after</u> an <u>overdose</u>.

#### AND

 Opioid discontinuation after overdose is associated with lower risk for repeated overdose.

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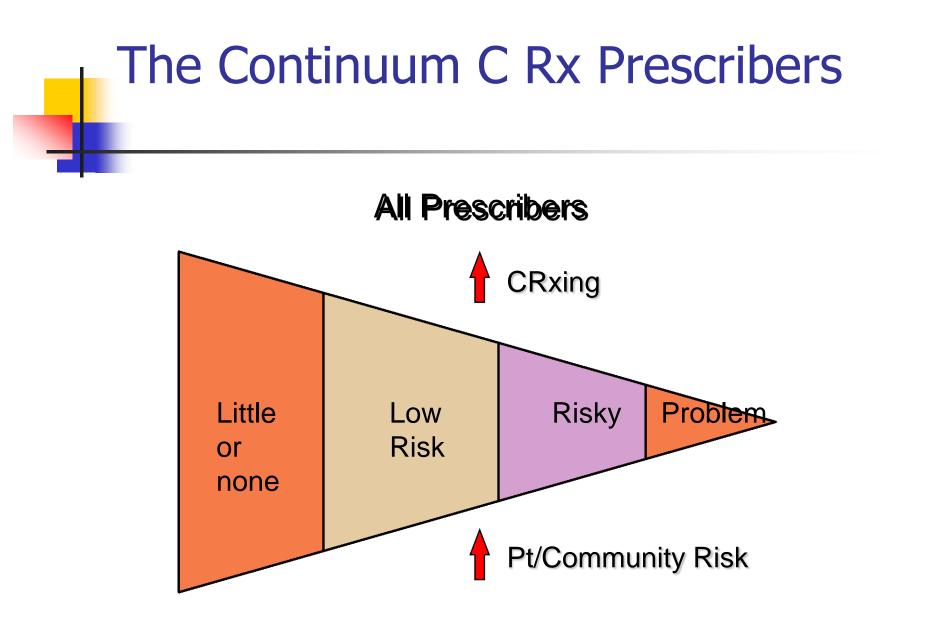
### Perpetuation of status quo

- High risk brains want high risk drugs
  - Relationship / communication challenge
- Screening for HRB poorly done
  - Poor screens
  - Incompletely used
- Under appreciated contraindications
- Blurring of basic ethical tenants
  - Above all, first do no harm

Prescribing Controlled Drugs Mechanisms of Involvement of CRxDA

#### AMA mechanisms re: RxDA – "the 6-D's"

- Dated
- Duped
- Disabled
- Dishonest
- Defiant
- Distracted
- Medication Mania / Confrontation Phobia / Hypertrophied Enabling



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Power Point #3 Use of PMP to apply SBIRT to CRx Ted Parran MD <u>tvp@cwru.edu</u>

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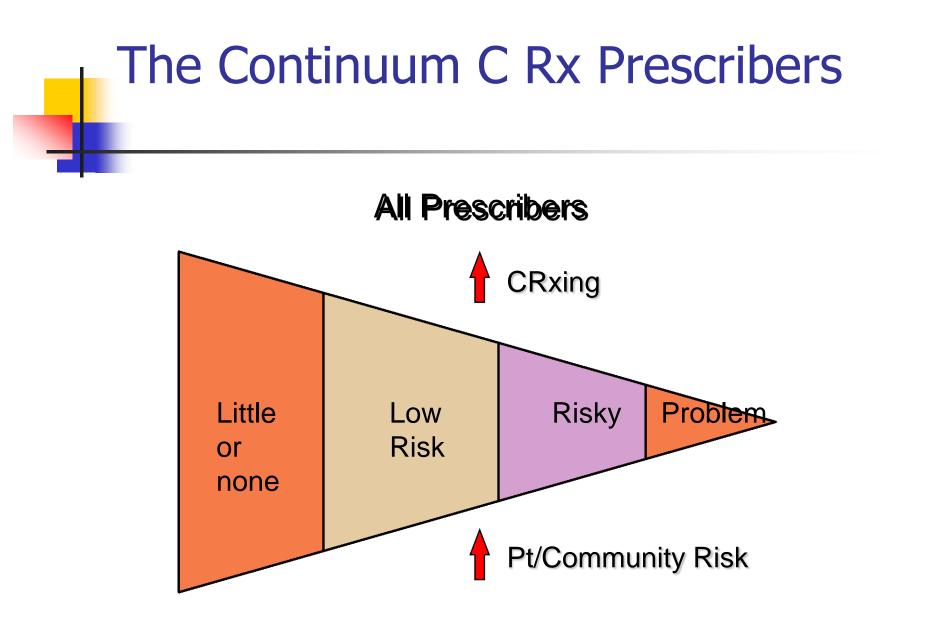
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### What is a PMP

- Prescription Monitoring Program
- All C Rx filled / patient / year
  - What filled
  - Where
  - How paid
  - Rx by who
  - Contact info for Where and Who



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